

Algebra - Variables on Both Sides

solving with variables on both sides

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{ex: } 2x - 4 = 4x + 8 \\ \underline{-2x} \quad \underline{-2x} \\ -4 = 2x + 8 \\ \underline{-8} \quad \underline{-8} \\ -12 = 2x \\ \underline{2} \quad \underline{2} \\ -6 = x \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{use inverse} \\ \text{operations to get} \\ \text{'x' on one side} \end{array} \right\}$$

with fractions... multiply by the common denominator on both sides to eliminate the fractions (distribute)

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{ex: } 6\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 8\right) = \left(\frac{2}{3}x - 2\right)6 \\ 3x + 48 = 4x - 12 \\ \underline{-3x} \quad \underline{-3x} \\ 48 = x - 12 \\ \underline{+12} \quad \underline{+12} \\ 60 = x \end{array}$$

distributing with fractions... multiply by the common denominator to eliminate the fractions before distributing

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{ex: } (2)\frac{1}{2}(4x + 8) = (2)4(x + 2) \\ 4x + 8 = 8(x + 2) \\ 4x + 8 = 8x + 16 \\ \underline{-4x} \quad \underline{-4x} \\ 8 = 4x + 16 \\ \underline{-16} \quad \underline{-16} \\ -8 = 4x \\ \underline{-4} \quad \underline{-4} \\ -2 = x \end{array}$$

How many solutions to an equation?

one		$x = a$
infinite		$a = a$
zero		$a \neq b$

one solution - different coefficients

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{ex: } 2x + 3 = 4x - 7 \\ x = 5 \end{array}$$

infinite solutions - same equation

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{ex: } 2(x + 3) = 2x + 6 \\ 2x + 6 = 2x + 6 \end{array}$$

same coefficients and constants

zero solutions - same coefficients, different constants

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{ex: } 2x + 3 = 2x + 4 \\ 3 \neq 4 \end{array}$$